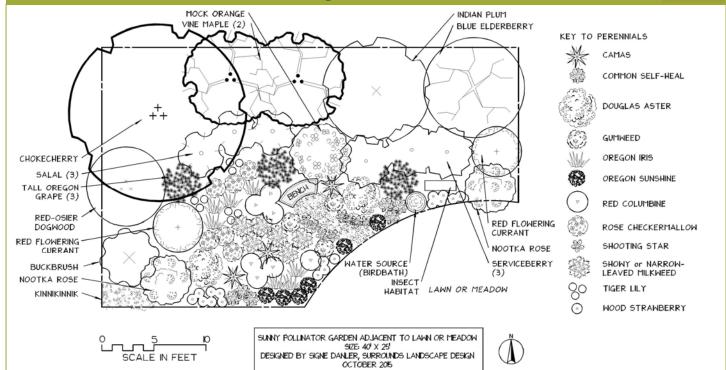
## A Bird-Friendly Garden Plan





#### About the Garden

Designed for a typical suburban backyard, this 25 by 40 foot garden features showy native Willamette Valley plants. It should have a sunny southern exposure. Spread out the design and plant larger groupings to fill a bigger space.

Inclusion of trees, shrubs, and perennials provides a variety of heights. Low-growing self-heal, wood strawberry, and kinnikinnik along the edge soften the transition to an adjacent lawn.

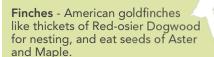
Earliest spring blooms are provided by kinnikinnik, camas, shooting star, Oregon grape, Indian plum, and red-flowering currant, continuing with tiger lilies, milkweed, Douglas aster, and gumweed in the late summer and fall.

A short path leads to a bench beside the mock orange, so you can enjoy the fragrance while immersing yourself in the buzz of busy pollinators.

#### Basic Pollinator Needs

Food - fruits, nuts, seeds, nectar, and a wide range of invertebrates
Water - birdbath, small pond
Shelter - leaves, bark, thickets
Nest sites - leaves, moss, lichens, twigs, mud, straw, plant down and pine needles are commonly used.

#### The Birds



Woodpeckers - The Northern Flicker eats mostly insects in spring and summer, but eats berries like those produced by Red-osier Dogwood in winter

Warblers - These small songbirds like layers (trees-shrubs-flowers), are often seen near maple and oak trees, and are attracted to the sound of moving water.

**Hummingbirds** - Rufous and Anna's are the most common in our area, and prefer the tubular flowers of red flowering currant, red columbine, and Oregon grape.

**Sparrows** - The Dark Eyed Junco likes a shrubby environment, brush piles, and birdbaths. They eat a range of seeds.

### **Shopping List**

| ar x8<br>x3<br>ed x3 |
|----------------------|
|                      |

# A Bird-Friendly Garden Plan



#### **Special Conditions**

Special Uses

- A Prefers full sun
- B Can tolerate sun or some shade; partial shade
- C Prefers shade

- 1 Attracts insects, bees and butterflies
- 2a Birds
- 2b Hummingbirds

- 3 Wildlife forage, cover and food
- 4 Bank stabilization
- 5 Ornamental

Suggested plants used in design may be swapped out for other native plants of similar size and function.

| Name  | Mature<br>Height | Sun     | Soil<br>Conditions                          | Special<br>Uses       | Description   |
|---|------------------|---------|---|-----------------------|---|
| BROADLEAF TREES                                       | 3                |         |   |                       |   |
| Choke Cherry<br>Prunus virginiana                     | 8 - 15′          | А, В    | Wet to dry                                  | 2a, 3                 | White flowers in late spring. Cherries much loved by wild animals & birds. CAUTION - extremely toxic leaves for grazing animals!      |
| <b>Vine Maple</b><br>Acer circinatum                  | 25′              | А, В, С | Moist soil                                  | 1, 2a, 2b,<br>3, 5    | Attractive fall color. Suitable for shade ornamental or forest understory plant.  |
| LARGE SHRUBS  |                  |         |   |                       |   |
| Elderberry, Blue<br>Sambucus caerulea                 | 12′              | A, B, C | Prefers well drained soils                  | 1, 2a, 2b             | Fast growing handsome shrub. Excellent food and cover species. White flower clusters, edible berries.                                 |
| Indian Plum<br>Oemleria cerasiformis                  | 16′              | A, B, C | Dry to moist soil                           | 1, 2a, 2b             | Early spring bloom (Feb/Mar). White flowers yield small purple plums. Highly sought by birds.   |
| Mock Orange<br>Philadelphus lewisii                   | 12′              | А, В    | All but wet soil.                           | 1, 2a, 2b             | Clusters of aromatic white flowers at branch ends. Attracts bees and butterflies. Plant at low elevation.                             |
| Narrow-leaved Buckbrush<br>Ceanothus cuneatus         | 3 - 11′          | А       | Poor, rocky,<br>dry, well-<br>drained soils | 1, 2a, 2b,<br>3,      | Evergreen N-fixing shrub with small spoon shaped leaves. Small white to purple fragrant flowers grow in dense round clusters.         |
| Red-osier Dogwood<br>Cornus sericea                   | 20′              | A, C    | Moist soils along wetlands                  | 1, 2a, 2b,<br>3, 4, 5 | Attractive red stems with white flower clusters that produce white berries. Fast growing. Used in riparian reclamation.               |
| <b>Serviceberry, Pacific</b><br>Amelanchier alnifolia | 10 - 25′         | А, В    | Dry to moist soils                          | 1, 2a, 3              | Attractive foliage and white flowers. This is an important wildlife species. Attracts cedar waxwings.                                 |
| SMALL SHRUBS  |                  |         |   |                       |   |
| Nootka Rose<br>Rosa nutkana                           | 5 - 7′           | А       | Adaptable to most soils                     | 1, 3                  | A common roadside species in the valley. Nootka rose has attractive pink blossoms (2" across) in summer.                              |
| Red Flowering Currant<br>Ribes sanguineum             | 4 - 8′           | А, В    | Best on well drained soils                  | 1, 2a, 2b, 5          | Beautiful ornamental shrub with flowers that may be white to deep red, blue berries. Attracts butterflies and hummingbirds.           |
| Tall Oregon Grape<br>Mahonia aquifolium               | 4 - 6′           | A, B, C | Dry to fairly<br>moist                      | 1, 2a, 2b, 3,<br>5    | Oregon's state flower. Holly-like leaves; dark blue edible berries.   |
| GRASSES / GROUNDCOVERS                                |                  |         |   |                       |   |
| Kinnikinnik<br>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi                | 6 - 12"          | А       | Well drained                                | 1, 5                  | Evergreen shrub with reddish bark and light green, hairy leaves.<br>A wonderful landscape shrub for dry areas.                        |
| Salal<br>Gaultheria shallon                           | 2 - 3'           | В       | Dry to moist                                | 1, 3, 5               | Dense low groundcover for areas where tall shrubs and weeds not desired! Foliage used in floral arrangements. Edible berries.         |
| Wood Strawberry<br>Fragaria vesca                     | 2 - 8"           | В       | Woodland<br>groundcover                     | 3, 5                  | Deciduous groundcover. White to pink flowers in spring and early summer. Edible fruit.  |
| FLOWERS   | I                |         | ) A (                                       |                       |   |
| Broad leaved Shooting Star<br>Dodecatheon hendersonii | 5 - 16"          | А, В    | Well drained<br>(dry summer)                | 1, 5                  | Showy flower with color range in color from magenta to deep lavender to white. Bloom Feb – May.                                       |
| Common Camas<br>Camassia quamash                      | 12-35"           | A, B    | Moist; light to<br>heavy soils              | 1, 5                  | Perennial that grows in terminal spikes of at least 5 showy blue flowers.   |
| <b>Common Selfheal</b><br>Prunella vulgaris           | 4 - 20"          | А, В    | Moist to dry                                | 1, 5                  | Erect stems with opposite leaves, purple flowers May to September attract pollinators.  |
| Douglas Aster<br>Aster subspicatus                    | 2′               | А       | Moderate<br>moisture                        | 1, 5                  | Grows in meadows, forest clearings, salt and fresh water wetlands. Purple flower late summer.   |
| Oregon Iris<br>Irix tenax                             | 1 - 2'           | А       | Dry meadows,<br>pastures                    | 5                     | Low growing with grass-like blades. Showy dark blue flower.   |
| Oregon Sunshine<br>Eriophyllum lanatum                | 10 - 24"         | А       | Dry   | 1, 5                  | Perennial with woolly gray foliage and yellow flowers. Dry open habitat. Host plant for Painted Lady Butterfly.                       |
| <b>Red Columbine</b><br>Aquilegia formosa             | 12 - 18"         | Α       | Moist;<br>streamsides                       | 1, 2b, 5              | Fern-like foliage, delicate red flowers.  |
| Rose Checkermallow<br>Sidalcea virgata                | 8 - 40"          | А       | Moist to dry                                | 1, 5                  | Tall open wands of pink to magenta 5-petaled flowers bloom from late spring to mid-summer. Resemble delicate hollyhocks.              |
| Showy Milkweed<br>Asclepias speciosa                  | 2 - 3'           | А       | Moderate<br>moisture                        | 1, 2b, 5              | Beautiful scent, rosy-pink starburst flowers in spherical clusters in summer. Silvery foliage. Nectar source for monarch butterflies. |
| Narrow-leaved Milkweed<br>Asclepias fascicularis      | 2 - 4'           | А       | Well-drained<br>moist to dry                | 1                     | Beautifully intricate dusky-rose flowers in crown-like umbels. This is the larval host plant for monarch butterflies.                 |
| Tiger Lily<br>Lilium columbianum                      | 2 - 4'           | A, B, C | Moist to well-<br>drained soil              | 1, 5                  | Characteristic orange lily flowers with purple spots (May-Aug.).<br>Grows in meadows, thickets, open forests, and clearings.          |
| Will. Valley Gumweed<br>Grindelia integrifolia        | 8 - 40"          | А, В    | Moist soil                                  | 1, 2a                 | Perennial herbaceous plant with yellow ray and disc flowers (from June - Nov.). Important late-season pollen source.                  |