



**SALMON
WATCH
BENTON COUNTY**

**Teacher's
Guide
2025**



Benton Soil and Water
CONSERVATION DISTRICT

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Salmon Watch History and Goals

Welcome to [Benton Salmon Watch](#)! This interactive, outdoors-based program provides 5th-8th graders in Linn and Benton counties with a unique experience that we hope they will never forget.

Salmon Watch is a FREE experiential field trip program that teaches youth about salmon and healthy watersheds. Similar Salmon Watch programs happen all over the Pacific Northwest and are coordinated by various local organizations in partnership with schools and volunteers. The Benton Salmon Watch program is coordinated by a committee representing the [Calapooia Watershed Council](#), [South Santiam Watershed Council](#), [Benton Soil and Water Conservation District](#), [Oregon Department of Fish & Wildlife](#), [Siuslaw National Forest](#), and a leadership cohort of retired teachers and other community experts.

SALMON WATCH'S MISSION

The Salmon Watch environmental education program teaches middle and high school students about the importance of wild salmon conservation in watershed management. The program is designed to instill in students and other participants a deeper appreciation of their wild salmon heritage and the importance of being well-informed and responsible citizens. Salmon Watch touches the hearts and minds of children to save the wild salmon.

HISTORY

Salmon Watch was founded by Oregon Trout (later [The Freshwater Trust](#)) in 1993. Over the past two decades, the program has educated more than 60,000 schoolchildren in Oregon. The program was discontinued by The Freshwater Trust at the end of 2010 (due to a shift in organizational mission) and is now back by popular demand under the leadership of the [World Salmon Council](#).

WHY IT'S IMPORTANT

If we want our children as adults to value their natural heritage and to make informed and thoughtful decisions about natural resource issues, we must enable them to understand and relate to the natural world on a personal level.

Our youth, however, live increasingly urban and technological lives, isolated from the natural environment. Salmon Watch enables students to connect with nature and experience the relationships of humans to their environment through learning about the life cycle of wild salmon.

Salmon Watch also inspires hundreds of public agency experts and others to volunteer as field trip station educators, sharing their expertise and real-world experiences. These volunteers in turn help students to increase their knowledge of how scientific research in ecology is done. Engaging with these professionals also allows students to learn about diverse natural resource and STEM career opportunities.

Overall, Salmon Watch serves as a successful model of cost-effective collaboration among private and public organizations working together to enhance education as well as protect salmon populations and the ecosystems that sustain them.

HOW IT WORKS

Using salmon as the focal point, Salmon Watch provides comprehensive, multidisciplinary education in the classroom, field study and in-stream observation, and community service projects.

The curriculum incorporates diverse perspectives and innovative learning designed to enhance the critical-thinking and problem-solving skills of students and other participants.

On field trips, students conduct hands-on activities to understand salmon biology, identify macroinvertebrates (aquatic insects), conduct water quality monitoring, explore riparian zones and collect and disseminate data. This gives teachers a path to bridge field experiences back into the classroom and facilitate STEM educational opportunities.

Salmon-friendly projects in which students participate throughout the school year include hands-on stream restoration efforts, salmon spawning surveys, teaching younger kids about salmon, making presentations to community groups, art projects, installing rain catchment systems, and many other diverse activities chosen by the teachers and students.

PROGRAM GOALS

We aim to help participants:

- Appreciate the interdependence between humans and the ecosystem in which we live
- Recognize wild salmon as an important indicator of watershed health
- Understand the value of protecting native fish stocks
- Receive core-standard, STEM oriented education in the classroom
- Raise community awareness about healthy watersheds

Program Logistics

WHO CAN ATTEND?

This program is designed for students in Grade 5, though students in grades 4th-8th also benefit from the experience. Ideally, one class attends Salmon Watch at a time with a maximum of 30 students, but two classes from one school may be accommodated at the same time if necessary. Students are divided into 4 groups that rotate through each of the 4 stations throughout the day.

TIMING AND LOCATION

Benton Salmon Watch programs run from late September to early November, depending on which county your school is located in. Linn Benton Salmon Watch takes place in two locations: Clemens County Park in Alsea for Benton County students, and River Bend County Park for Linn County students. The curriculum and schedule for these two programs varies slightly. This guide is written primarily for Benton County participants.

CHAPERONES

A minimum of 4 chaperones is required for each class - one chaperone for each group. If necessary, the teacher may act as the 4th chaperone, but it is recommended that the teacher is not attached to a group so that they may move between the stations freely and assist where needed.

DRIVING DIRECTIONS TO [CLEMENS COUNTY PARK](#)

From Corvallis, take Highway 20 west through Philomath. Turn left onto Highway 34. Continue on this road for about 14 miles (take care on the windy portions and watch out for large trucks). A few minutes after you pass the Thyme Garden, turn left onto Seeley Creek Road. Follow this road around a sharp right turn until you cross the bridge into a large parking lot. If possible, please park on the side with the restrooms to save room for the bus(es).

SCHEDULE

Please note that this is an “ideal” schedule where schools arrive and depart on time, stations run on time, etc. The program may be modified to suit different school and student needs.

TIME	ACTIVITY
9:15am	Volunteers Arrive
10:00	Students and Chaperones arrive, use the restrooms, and get into their 4 groups
10:15	Circle Up for introductory talk / Kalapuya Story by Program Coordinator
10:30	Station 1
11:00	Station 2
11:30	Lunch
12:00	Station 3
12:30	Station 4
1:00	Circle Up for conclusions / School departs

STATION ROTATIONS

GROUP	10:00	10:30	11:00	11:30	12:00	12:30	1:00
A	Arrival, Introduction, Salmon Story	Salmon Biology	Riparian Ecology	Lunch	Macro Invertebrates	Water Quality	Conclusions and Good-byes
B		Riparian Ecology	Salmon Biology		Water Quality	Macro Invertebrates	
C		Macro Invertebrates	Water Quality		Salmon Biology	Riparian Ecology	
D		Water Quality	Macro Invertebrates		Riparian Ecology	Salmon Biology	

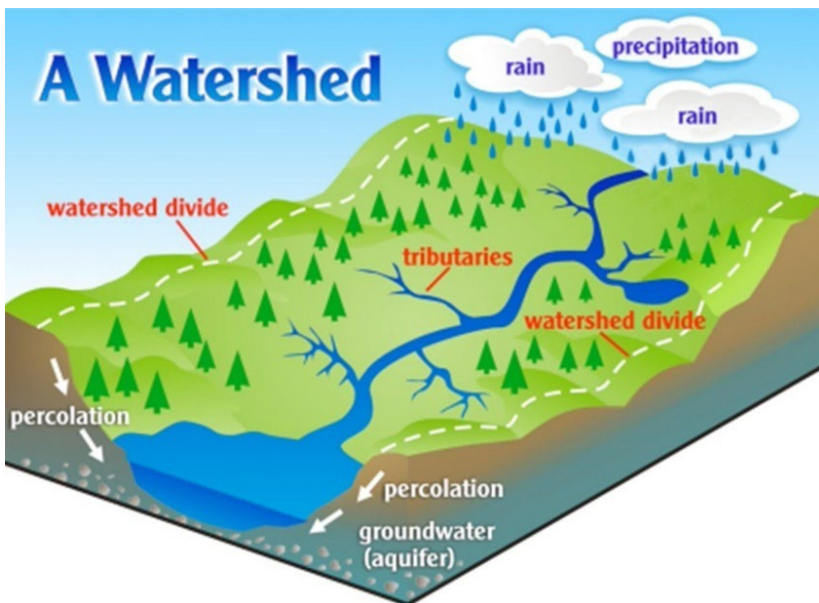
Background Information

Benton County Salmon Watch takes place at [Clemens County Park](#) in Alsea, nestled in the Oregon Coast Range off Highway 34. Here, the **Alsea River** flows along the edge of the park, with a tributary, **Seeley Creek**, flowing through the south end of the park. Salmon are known to spawn in both bodies of water. This is one of the few publicly-accessible places in our region where you can still see salmon migrating and spawning.

The two species of salmon which spawn here are **Coho** (*Oncorhynchus kisutch*) and **Chinook** (*Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*). Both of these species were plentiful before the arrival of European settlers, but now, many populations are in decline.

Salmon are amongst the few species of fish that can live in both freshwater and saltwater. They begin their lives in rivers and streams, born from eggs that were laid by their parents who then die soon after. The baby salmon then make their way downstream to the ocean, where they spend 2-5 years growing big and strong, before finally returning to the same river where they were born – often spawning within inches of where they were born themselves! Males compete fiercely to mate with as many females as they can. Females lay thousands of eggs in a nest they build called a **redd**. Within a few days, both parents die, but their lives are not in vain – their decaying carcasses nourish the trees along the river and also the small insects or **macro-invertebrates** which will feed their babies.

Salmon populations are being carefully monitored by scientists and environmental agencies because they are both economically important, and also excellent indicators of watershed health. A **watershed** is an area of land where the bodies of water within that area all flow to the same end point. Clemens Park is in the Alsea River watershed.



Salmon can tell us a lot about the health of the watershed because their successful migration and reproduction is dependent upon healthy rivers and streams. Young salmon are very sensitive to environmental factors such as water temperature, dissolved oxygen, and predators. Adult salmon return to the same place where they were born to spawn, so if that passageway becomes blocked (for example by a dam), or there is not enough water to swim upstream, they may not be able to reproduce. If a salmon population is declining, it is likely due to unfavorable conditions in the waterways where they spawn.

The region where our program takes place is the traditional homeland of three different peoples: the **Kalapuya Peoples**, who traditionally inhabited the Willamette Valley and the eastern slopes of Marys Peak; and the **Alesea** and **Yaquina Peoples**, who primarily lived along the coast but also ventured onto Marys Peak's western slopes. Today, the descendants of these peoples are members of the **Confederated Tribes of the Grand Ronde** and the **Confederated Tribes of Siletz Indians**. Salmon have always been extremely important to these peoples, both as a food source, and a spiritual symbol. For Indigenous peoples, salmon are considered to be not just animals, but relatives - family. Their return to their spawning grounds each year is welcomed with communal feasts and expressions of gratitude for these fish that give their lives to feed the people.



This mural is an Indigenous representation of the connections of salmon to land, water, sky and people. The artist Clayton Gauthier is a Cree/Dakelh Artist who resides in Prince George, British Columbia.

Salmon feed all in their path - from the mountains to the sea. The circle depicts salmon's lifecycle; salmon travel from rivers to the ocean (feeding the orcas) and return to the rivers (feeding our forests, animals, and people).

SOURCE: <https://www.pac.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/education/docs/sacred-smon-sacre-pub-eng.pdf>

LEARN MORE ABOUT SALMON HISTORY AND TRIBAL CONNECTIONS [here](#).

Overview of Stations

Benton County Salmon Watch has 4 learning stations that students rotate through during their field trips. These stations provide the bulk of learning for the program, while also providing opportunity for students to explore the natural areas of Clemens Park, make observations, ask questions, and get to know their Station Leaders - many of whom are scientists or experts in the fields of salmon biology and conservation.



Station 1: Salmon Biology

OVERVIEW

Students hike to the farthest reaches of our program area to view a stream restoration site and a salmon spawning area.



LEARNING GOALS

- Students will understand that salmon are very special species that spend some of their life in freshwater, and some of it in saltwater.
- Students will be able to describe the salmon life cycle and developmental stages.
- Students will observe salmon spawning in the river and learn how to identify males versus females.
- Students will gain appreciation for the incredible navigation abilities of salmon.
- Students will learn about the physical changes that salmon undergo throughout their lives, and why these changes occur.

VOCABULARY

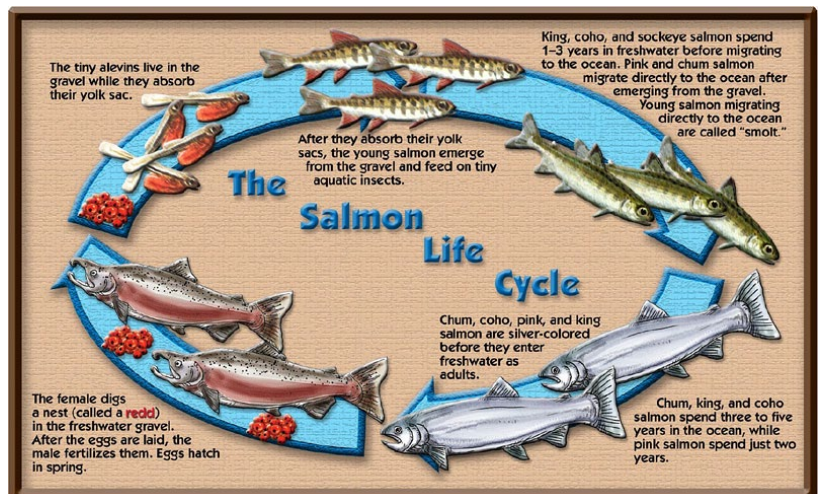
Redd, Alevin, Smolt, Spawn, Yolk Sac, Fry, Parr Marks, Imprinting, Magnetite

WAYS TO PREPARE YOUR STUDENTS

- Watch this [salmon life cycle video](#) (YouTube, 5 mins)
- Have students color and label this [salmon life cycle diagram](#)
- Read "[The Life Cycle of a Salmon](#)" book together or in small groups
- Play the Salmon Life Cycle [Quizlet](#)
- [The amazing story of salmon](#) (Freshwaters Illustrated video, 6 mins)

MORE LEARNING RESOURCES

- [Salmon life cycle video](#) (YouTube, 5 mins)
- [How salmon find their way back home](#) (Article)
- [Amazing salmon scent abilities](#) (Article)
- [Salmon Migration](#) (StoryMap)
- [The amazing story of salmon](#) (Freshwaters Illustrated video, 6 mins)
- [Questions and answers about salmon](#) (USGS)



Station 2: Riparian Ecology

OVERVIEW

Students use scientific tools and their own observations to learn about stream health, and the connections between living and non-living things in a watershed.

LEARNING GOALS

- Students will understand that interactions between fish and forests are complex and changing.
- Students will appreciate the importance of healthy forests for healthy salmon populations, and vice-versa.
- Students will learn how riparian areas provide functions or 'jobs' in the watershed, but only if they are healthy.

VOCABULARY

Riparian, ecology, erosion, stream bank, survey, runoff, canopy, riffle, pool, run

WAYS TO PREPARE YOUR STUDENTS

- Watch Video: [How forests, rivers, and salmon were meant to be together](#) (4 mins)
- Explore the [Salmon River 360: Virtual Tour](#)
- Watch Video: [Welcome to the Riparian Zone](#) (3 mins)

MORE LEARNING RESOURCES

- [Measuring Stream Canopy Closure using a Spherical Densimeter](#) (Video)
- [Introduction to Riparian Areas](#) (World Salmon Council)
- [What are riparian ecosystems?](#)



RIPARIAN ECOLOGY: STREAM SURVEY


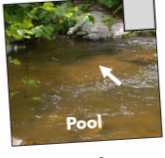
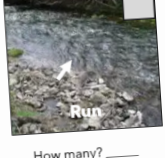
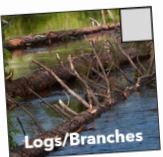

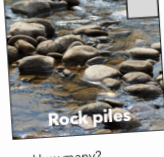
All rivers and streams need a lot of different features and shapes in order to create healthy habitat for the fish and other animals that live in them. Three main types of stream features that you will be looking for are:

RIFFLES: shallow, fast-moving water with bubbles or white waves, also sometimes called rapids.

POOLS: deep holes of still or slow-moving water with a flat surface.

RUNS: stretches of fast-moving water where the river is straight and not blocked by rocks or logs.

Other features which add complexity to a stream, and which are very important for salmon, are logs, rocks, and leaves. Check off the stream features you see, and how many of each, below!

 Riffle How many? ____	 Pool How many? ____	 Run How many? ____
 Logs/Branches How many? ____	 Leaf piles How many? ____	 Rock piles How many? ____

RIPARIAN ECOLOGY: NATIVE PLANT SURVEY

A healthy riparian zone needs a lot of native plants. Native plants are plants that are found naturally in the area - plants that have been here since before European settlers arrived. Native plants include flowers, trees, shrubs, and grasses. See how many of the following you can spot!

 Horsetails	 Ash tree	 Douglas Fir
 Snowberry	 Salmonberry	 Bracken Fern
 White Alder	 Licorice Fern	 Salal

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Station 3: Water Quality

OVERVIEW

Students will use scientific tools and perform tests to determine water quality and watershed health in the Alesia River, and discuss what the results indicate about the ability of salmon to survive there.



LEARNING GOALS

- Learn how to conduct stream water quality tests measuring pH, dissolved oxygen, temperature and turbidity
- Practice detailed data recording methods
- Analyze and make judgments on the quality of water based on collected data
- Discuss the connections between water quality, salmon, and overall watershed health

VOCABULARY

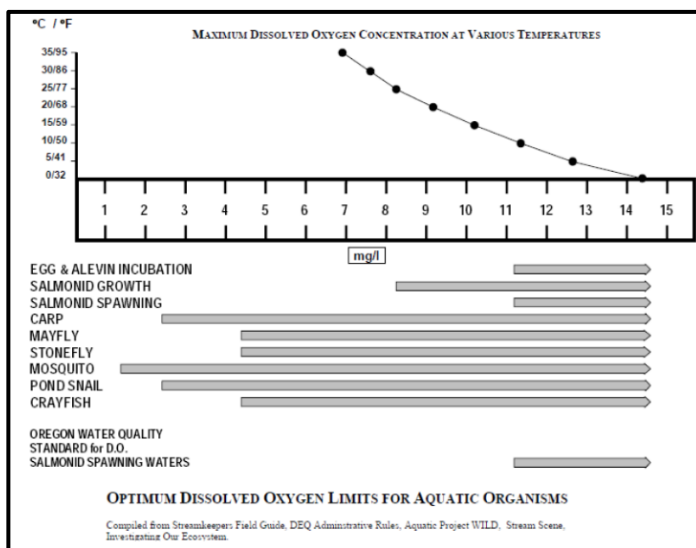
Turbidity, pH, dissolved oxygen, water quality, Fahrenheit

WAYS TO PREPARE YOUR STUDENTS

- Explore the [How's My Waterway? Interactive tool](#) for your area (enter your school address or another local landmark address)
- Watch Video: [Water Quality testing in the field](#) (9 mins)
- Learn about [water pollution and take the quiz on this website](#)

MORE LEARNING RESOURCES

- [An introduction to water quality and monitoring](#) (U.S. EPA)
- [Dissolved Oxygen Test step-by-step](#) (Video)
- [An overview of riparian systems and potential problems](#) (OSU)



Station 4: Aquatic Macroinvertebrates

OVERVIEW

Students will collect and identify insects and other macroinvertebrates from the stream and learn how these species can help indicate the health of a stream and the larger watershed.

LEARNING GOALS

- Learn how to collect macroinvertebrate samples from a stream
- Practice scientific methods, species identification, and inquiry
- Explore how the presence or absence of living things can indicate the well-being of an ecosystem



VOCABULARY

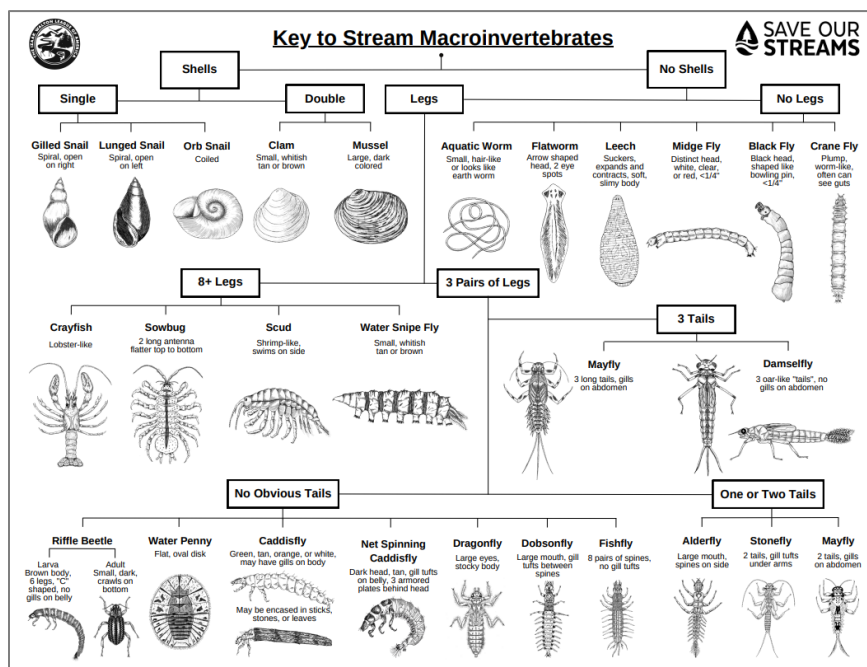
Macroinvertebrate, Aquatic, D-net, Tolerance, Sensitivity

WAYS TO PREPARE YOUR STUDENTS

- Print out these [info and coloring sheets](#) for a number of common aquatic macroinvertebrates
- Do the [Build-A-Bug activity](#): ask students to invent their own aquatic invertebrate species based on what adaptations and features they would need to survive in a stream.
- View this [slideshow and review the aquatic invertebrate facts](#)

MORE LEARNING RESOURCES

- [Macroinvertebrate page at Encyclopedia Britannica](#)
- [How macroinvertebrates are used in scientific research](#)
- [Suggestions for teaching about aquatic invertebrates](#)



Pre- and Post-Program Activities to Extend Learning

[World Salmon Council Classroom Curriculum](#)

The Salmon Watch curriculum is designed to provide a holistic, multi-disciplinary and watershed-based approach to environmental education, using the salmon as the key indicator species of watershed health and the cultural icon of the Pacific Northwest.

The learning units contain many different ideas, lessons, and supplementary resources to help in your teaching about nature, salmon, water quality, and human choices. Resources include student hand-outs, sample lesson plans, PowerPoint presentations, and more.

[Salmon Watch Streaming](#)

This “virtual field trip” series includes six eye-catching short films created by award-winning filmmakers at Freshwaters Illustrated, interactive online quiz games, 360° Virtual Tours that bring the river to you, and more. Access all of these resources for FREE by clicking “I’m an Educator” and then completing the request form. You can also sign up for the World Salmon Council newsletter for more information about all of the great work they do!

[Secret Lives of Salmon Classroom Curriculum](#)

“Secret Lives of Salmon” is a place-based educational curriculum developed by the Cascade Head Biosphere Reserve, Oregon Coast Aquarium, and the Lincoln County School District. This 3rd Grade program explores the life cycle of Pacific salmon species, providing students an overview of wild salmon adaptations and habitats, how they differ from hatchery-raised fish, and ways that humans affect aquatic species.

Resources within this program include five videos which guide students through the salmon life cycle in the awe-inspiring Cascade Head Biosphere Reserve on the Central Oregon Coast. This video series is a learning journey paired with interactive activities, providing the tools needed for a complete lesson plan. This program will provide hands-on opportunities for learning and exploration about local species, human-environment interactions, ecosystem interconnectedness, and more.

[Online Student Pre- and Post-Assessment](#)

World Salmon Council has created an online Salmon Watch assessment form that makes it easy to gauge students’ knowledge both before and after the program. The assessment includes questions about each field trip station, their beliefs about conservation, and their understanding about the importance of salmon in the ecosystem. Direct each student to the link above, and make sure when they are done, they hit SUBMIT. Their responses will be used by World Salmon Council to assess the Salmon Watch program.

Alternatively, Benton SWCD has created a Google Forms version of the above assessment that you can use. Unlike the WSC form above, this version allows both the teacher and our Salmon Watch Program Coordinator to access student responses. (Responses will be e-mailed to all participating teachers at the conclusion of Salmon Watch season).

[Access the Google Form student assessment here.](#)

Teacher Task List and Timeline

The guidance and supervision of Salmon Watch teachers and chaperones before, during, and after the program is crucial for success. Please read this guide carefully and ensure that all participating teachers and chaperones review this information well before your program date.

August

- Ensure your field trip is scheduled using our Signup Genius form
- Reserve a school bus for your field trip
- Arrange for substitute teacher if needed

September

- Incorporate Salmon Watch curriculum into your classroom instruction before and/or after field trip - *see page 12 for ideas of how to do this!*
- Invite parents or other approved school volunteers to serve as chaperones on your field trip (*minimum of 4 volunteers required per class*)

Two weeks before field trip

- Confirm any needed schedule changes or special needs with the [Program Coordinator](#)
- Send the Student Waivers home to be signed by parents, and collect signed forms to submit to Program Coordinator - *English and Spanish versions available on pages 18-19*
- Have chaperones sign the Adult Waiver form (pg 20) and collect these to give to Program Coord.

One week before field trip

- Show students this [Salmon Watch Field Trip Preparation Slideshow](#)
- Provide Chaperone Responsibilities sheet to all adult volunteers
- Send the Salmon Watch Program Information and Packing List sheet home with each student (the week before your field trip) - *English and Spanish versions available on pages 16-17*)
- Divide students into 4 field trip groups

Day before field trip

- Distribute student and chaperone name tags
- Reiterate field trip packing list, schedule, and behavior expectations with students

Day of field trip

- Monitor student safety/behavior
- Help facilitate students' learning experience
- Take photos/video to send to Program Coordinator

After field trip


- Have students write thank you notes to volunteers and send to Program Coordinator (optional but always appreciated!)
- Send any photos and video you took during your field trip to the Program Coordinator
- Complete the online teacher evaluation form (this will be sent to you in November - submit by December 1st)

TEACHERS SHOULD:

- Check their e-mail frequently for communications from the Program Coordinator and respond quickly when requested.
- Sign up for their Fall field trip by the deadline provided (usually by the end of September).
- Order their bus and substitute teacher (if needed) as soon as possible.
- Attend a Salmon Watch Teacher Training in September (optional for previous participants)
- Visit your field trip site before your scheduled program date (optional - contact your Program Coordinator if you would like a guided tour of the field trip site).
- Recruit at least 4 adult chaperones at least two weeks before your scheduled field trip.
- Provide the below Chaperone Responsibilities page to all of your chaperones and ensure that they understand program logistics, schedules, etc.
- Incorporate Salmon Watch-related topics and activities into your classroom lessons as appropriate.
- Discuss proper field trip behavior, attire, and safety protocol with students prior to field trip.
- After the field trip, complete and return Student Assessments.



Welcome to Salmon Watch

 Benton Soil and Water Conservation District
23 subscribers

Analytics

Edit video

0

Share

Promote

Download

Save

...

Check out our virtual field trip video!

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qLv1y0c3kPU>

SALMON WATCH CHAPERONE RESPONSIBILITIES

Thank you for volunteering to be a chaperone at your school's upcoming Salmon Watch field trip. You have an amazing experience ahead of you! Being a Salmon Watch Volunteer is a challenging and rewarding job. Jump in! Get involved! Above all, have fun!

Here are a few suggestions to help you.



What is my role as a Chaperone?

You will be working with students in the field, sharing your perspective and maximizing their learning experience. Please demonstrate exemplary behavior and attitude in the natural environment. Your curiosity will lead others to follow suit.

You are responsible for the health and safety of these people when they are engaged in activities led by you. Safety must be a top priority. It's better to be too conservative than to have an injury. Don't let kids climb on logs or boulders. If you have a student and/or adult along who is not surefooted, make sure they get assistance.

Student Management

- Introduce yourself and help your group get to know you.
- Learn the kids' names and know how many students are in your group.
- Clearly communicate expectations and potential hazards and reinforce rules and boundaries set forward by the Program Coordinator and Station Leaders.
- Keep a constant head count of your group.
- Monitor students for behavioral issues. Ensure they are acting respectfully toward each other, the Station Leaders, and the environment around them.
- Support Station Leaders by helping them to get students' attention, quiet students down when needed, and pull aside any students causing distractions or issues so that Station Leaders can provide instruction.

How can I help students get the most out of their field trip?

- Talk with the teacher about their goals for the trip. Be sure you understand the plan and schedule for the day.
- Review Salmon Watch activities before your trip (available online at www.lbsw.org).
- Utilize "teachable moments" during the day: be alert to unique opportunities that may offer a springboard for further discussion.

DRIVING DIRECTIONS TO CLEMENS COUNTY PARK

From Corvallis, take Highway 20 west through Philomath. Turn left onto Highway 34. Continue on this road for about 14 miles (take care on the windy portions and watch out for large trucks). A few minutes after you pass the Thyme Garden, turn left onto Seeley Creek Road. Follow this road around a sharp right turn until you cross the bridge into a large parking lot. If possible, please park on the side with the restrooms to save room for the bus(es).

SALMON WATCH PROGRAM

PARENT INFORMATION SHEET AND PACKING LIST



Field Trip Date: _____

Field Trip Location: Clemens County Park, Alsea

Salmon Watch is an exciting outdoor field trip that we hope your child remembers for the rest of their life! Your child will spend the day learning about rivers, fish, ecology, and how they can help local ecosystems. This field trip is led by staff at Benton Soil and Water Conservation District and a team of dedicated volunteer Station Leaders.

What will my child do on this field trip?

- Hike on trails (these are all generally wide and flat)
- Spend time along the river and creek
- Use scientific tools and do experiments to learn about the ecosystem

Important: You can expect that the weather may be wet and/or cold. The field trip takes place entirely outside - there are no indoor facilities at Clemens Park. Your child may also be entering the creek (up to their ankles). The packing list below will help make sure your child is as comfortable as possible.

Make sure your child wears or brings:

- Warm, thick jacket (such as fleece) - not just a hoodie!
- WATERPROOF jacket with a HOOD (we will provide ponchos to those who need them)
- Waterproof pants or waders if you have them
- Warm winter hat
- Winter gloves or mittens
- Waterproof boots (if you have them) or hiking shoes (we will provide extra waterproof boots to those who need them)
- Warm socks and bring an EXTRA pair of warm socks
- Water bottle

If you have any questions, please contact your child's teacher at:

Thank you!

PROGRAMA DE "SALMON WATCH" INFORMACIÓN PARA PADRES Y LISTA DE EMPAQUE



Fecha de Excursión: _____

Lugar de Excursión: Clemens County Park, Alsea

¡"Salmon Watch" es una excursión divertido al aire libre que esperamos que su hijo recuerde por el resto de su vida! Su hijo pasará el día aprendiendo sobre ríos, peces, ecología y cómo pueden ayudar a los ecosistemas locales. Esta excursión está dirigida por el personal del Distrito de Conservación de Agua y Suelo de Benton y un grupo de voluntarios dedicados.

¿Qué hará mi hijo en esta excursión?

- Caminar por senderos (por lo general, todos son anchos y planos)
- Pase tiempo a lo largo del río y el arroyo
- Usar herramientas científicas y hacer experimentos para aprender sobre el ecosistema

Importante: Que el clima sea húmedo y/o frío. La excursión es completamente al aire libre: no hay instalaciones interiores en Clemens Park. Es posible su hijo también puede estar entrando al arroyo (hasta los tobillos). La siguiente lista de equipaje le ayudará a asegurarse de que su hijo esté lo más cómodo posible.

Asegúrese de que su hijo use o traiga:

- Chaqueta gruesa y abrigada (como un forro polar), ¡no solo una sudadera!
- Chaqueta IMPERMEABLE con CAPUCHA (nosotros tendremos ponchos a quienes los necesiten)
- Pantalones impermeables o waders si los tiene
- Gorro cálido de invierno
- Guantes o manoplas de invierno
- Botas impermeables (si las tiene) o zapatos para caminar (nosotros tendremos botas impermeables adicionales a quienes las necesiten)
- Calcetines calientes y un par EXTRA
- Botella de agua

Si tiene algunas preguntas, comuníquese con el maestro de su hijo al:

Gracias!

SALMON WATCH STUDENT WAIVER



Please sign and return to your student’s teacher

by: _____

In consideration for being permitted to perform the below-described activity(ies), the under-signed parent or guardian agrees to hold harmless the Benton Soil and Water Conservation District, its officers, agents, and employees from and against all liability, claims, and demands, on account of injury, loss, or damage to student, including without limitation, claims arising from bodily injury, personal injury, sickness, disease, or death which the student may personally sustain during the course of performing activities with the Salmon Watch program.

Activities to be performed may include, but are not limited to:

- Walking and hiking on trails
- Activities along and within the river or creek
- Use of scientific equipment and chemicals
- Exposure to the elements including wind, rain, and cold temperatures
- Encounters with toxic plants and wildlife

I am/we are the parent(s)/legal guardian(s) of the student and by my/our signature, agree to be bound by and responsible for all of the provisions of this Release and Indemnification Agreement, on behalf of ourselves, the student, and the successors, Representatives, heirs, executors, assigns, and transferees of ourselves and the student. I/we consent to the execution of this Release and Indemnification Agreement and Participation in the above-described activity(ies).

Signed names of parent(s)/legal guardian(s):

Printed name of signer(s):

Date: _____

"SALMON WATCH" FORMULARIO DE RENUNCIA



Firme y devuélvalo al maestro de su hijo antes de esta fecha: _____

Por tener permiso para realizar la(s) actividad(es) descrita(s) a continuación, el padre o tutor que firma abajo acepta eximir de toda responsabilidad al Distrito de Conservación de Suelos y Aguas de Benton, sus funcionarios, agentes y empleados de toda responsabilidad, reclamo y demanda, debido a lesiones, pérdidas o daños al estudiante, incluidos, entre otros, reclamos que surjan de lesiones corporales, lesiones personales, enfermedades, dolencias o muerte que el estudiante pueda sufrir personalmente durante el curso de la realización de actividades con el programa Salmon Watch.

Las actividades a realizar pueden incluir, pero no se limitan a:

- Caminatas por senderos
- Actividades a lo largo y dentro del río o arroyo
- Uso de equipos científicos y productos químicos
- Exposición a los elementos, incluidos el viento, la lluvia y las bajas temperaturas
- Encuentros con la fauna silvestre

Soy/somos el(los) padre(s)/tutor(es) legal(es) del estudiante y con mi/nuestra firma, acepto ser obligado y responsable de todas las disposiciones de este Acuerdo de Liberación e Indemnización. ment, en nombre de nosotros, el estudiante y los sucesores, Representantes, herederos, albaceas, cesionarios y cesionarios de nosotros mismos y del estudiante. Yo/nosotros damos nuestro consentimiento para la ejecución de este Acuerdo de Liberación e Indemnización y Participación en la(s) actividad(es) arriba descrita(s).

Firmas de los padres/tutores legales:

Escriba los nombres aquí:

Fecha: _____

SALMON WATCH ADULT WAIVER

Please sign and return to your student's teacher

by: _____



In consideration for being permitted to perform the below-described activity(ies), the under-signed Adult Chaperone agrees to hold harmless the Benton Soil and Water Conservation District, its officers, agents, and employees from and against all liability, claims, and demands, on account of injury, loss, or damage to myself, including without limitation, claims arising from bodily injury, personal injury, sickness, disease, or death which I may personally sustain during the course of performing activities with the Salmon Watch program.

Activities to be performed may include, but are not limited to:

- Walking and hiking on trails
- Activities along and within the river or creek
- Use of scientific equipment and chemicals
- Exposure to the elements including wind, rain, and cold temperatures
- Encounters with toxic plants and wildlife
- Interactions with and behavior management of students

I am aware of the risks and by my signature, agree to be bound by and responsible for all of the provisions of this Release and Indemnification Agreement, on behalf of myself and my successors, Representatives, heirs, executors, assigns, and transferees. I consent to the execution of this Release and Indemnification Agreement and Participation in the above-described activity(ies).

Signed By: _____

Date: _____

Printed Name: _____